TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



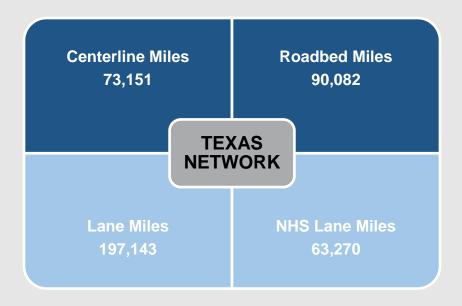
STATE OF TEXAS REPORT

"A Report on Asset Conditions, Management, and Impacts"



Agenda

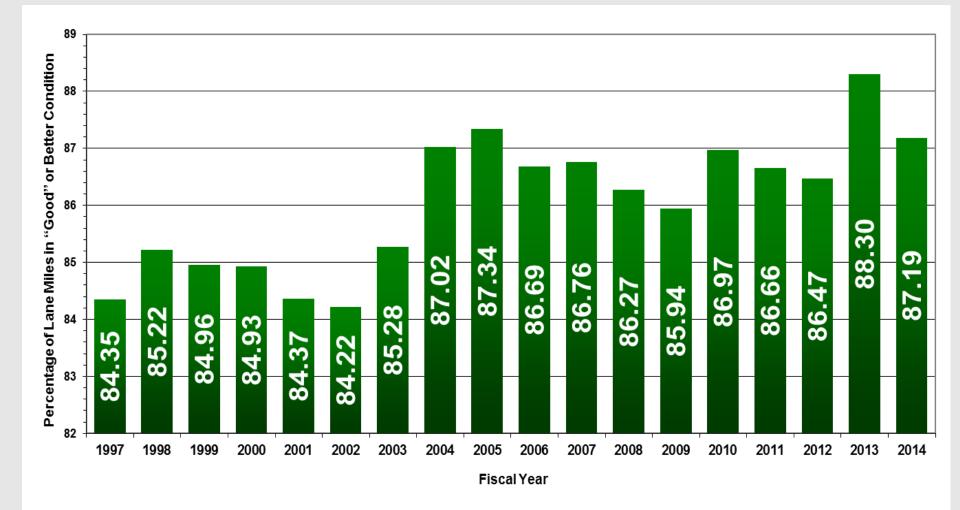
1 Pavement Asset Conditions	3-6
2 Texas Transportation Asset Management Plan (TxTAMP)	7-8
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FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION

Functional Class (FC) FHWA Code	1	#2-#5	#6-#7	NHS
Lane Miles % of Network	8%	78%	14%	32%
Vehicle Miles Traveled % of Network	33%	66%	1%	74%

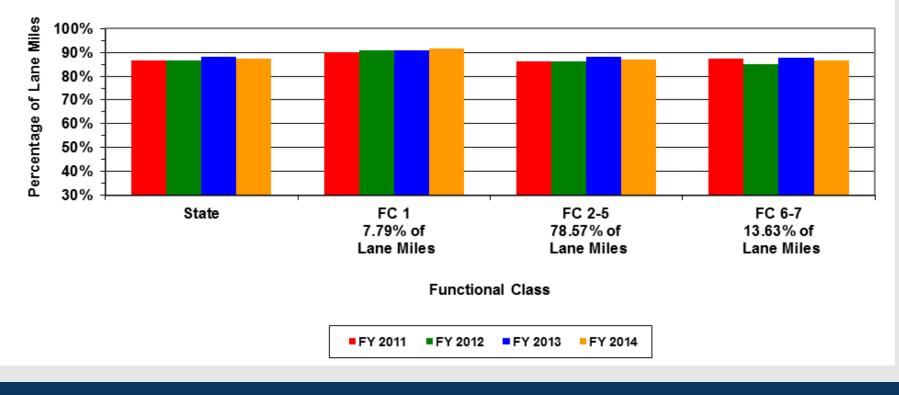
Pavement Asset Conditions



Overall Statewide Pavement Condition Scores

Pavement Asset Conditions

"Good" or Better Condition Scores (PMIS Condition Score 70 or above)



FC 1: Improved FC 2-5: Declined FC 6-7: Declined

TxTAMP

PHASE 1: DEVELOP

INITIAL TAMP

- 75% Complete
- Capture existing asset inventory and condition.
- Examine future asset condition targets.
- Conduct a gap evaluation.
- Perform financial and investment analysis.
- Conduct risk analysis.

PHASE 2: IMPLEMENT

LIVING TAMP

- 5% Complete
- Identify TAMP assignments and tasks as a result of gap evaluation and risk analysis.
- Establish a work-plan and communication tool to address these assignments and tasks.
- Track results.

PHASE 3: MANAGE

SUSTAINABLE TAMP

- 5% Complete
- Align performance targets with functional asset expectations.
- Align performance targets with "External Impacts" to deterioration rates.

TXTAMP PROJECT MISSION

"To align system performance with financial resources and meet Department performance measures while improving cross asset relationships for the greater good." **Phase 1: Develop** Draft initial TxTAMP complete July 2014...

> Phase 2: Implement Address risks and gaps July 2014 to July 2015...

> > **Phase 3: Manage** Final initial TxTAMP functioning July 2015, so on

TxTAMP Project Goal

"To have a fully functioning TAMP which will improve project, policy, and investment level decision making and ensure TxDOT is federally compliant."

Transportation Asset Impacts: Energy Sector



Energy Sector Roadway Impacts



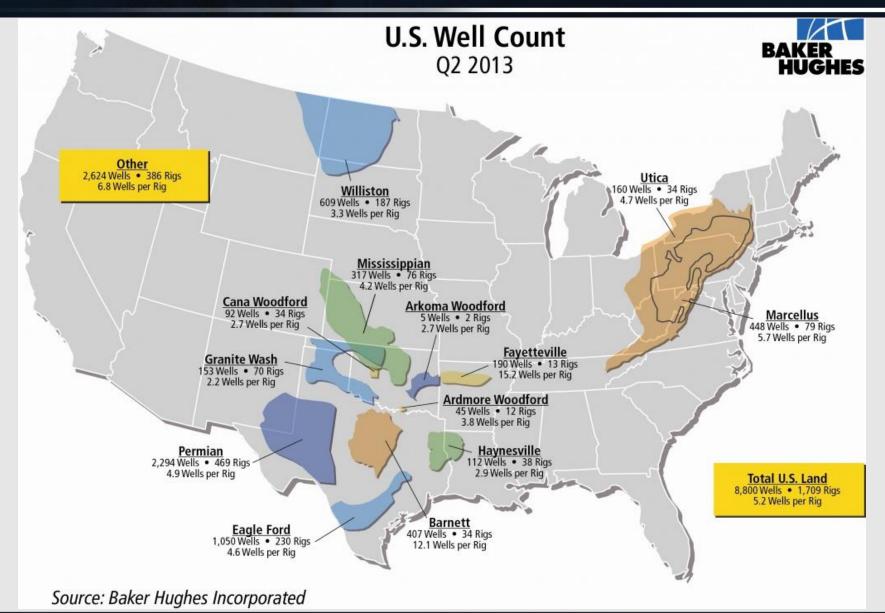
Energy Sector Roadway Impacts





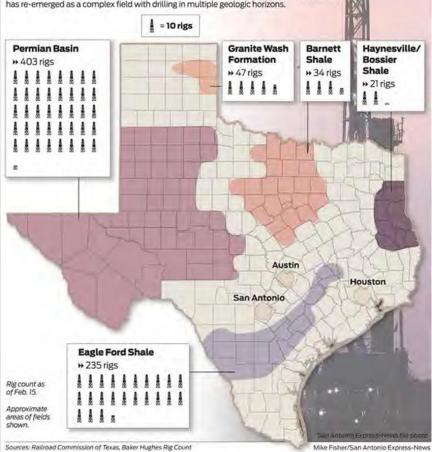


Nationwide Production

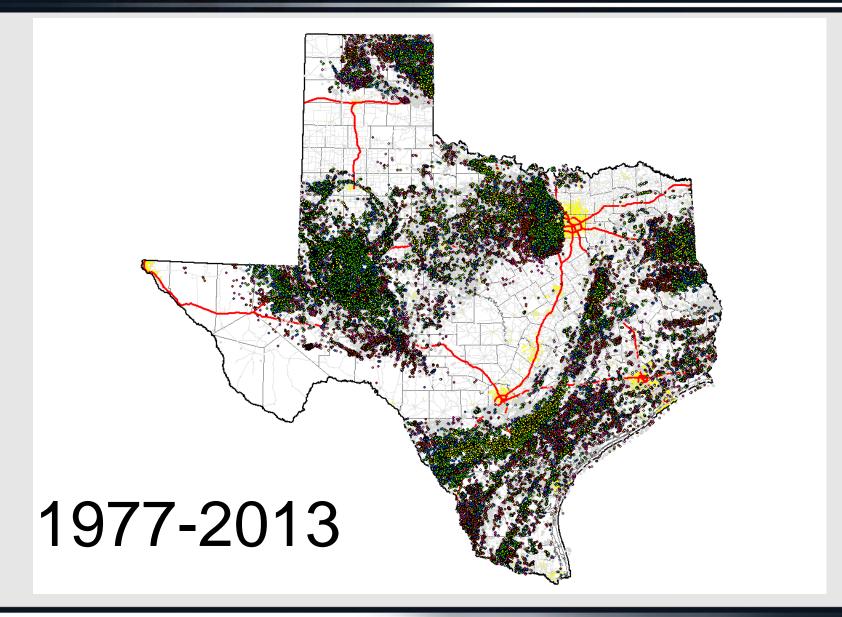


Texas oil and gas fields

Texas has more than one-fifth of the world's drilling rigs operating and five major areas of oil and gas production. The Barnett Shale in North Texas was the first field where horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing were used to produce oil and gas from dense shale rock. Since then, drilling and production has ramped up in the Eagle Ford in South Texas, the Haynesville/Bossier Shale in East Texas and the Panhandle's Granite Wash, a tight sandstone. The Permian Basin, a historically prolific area for oil and gas production, has re-emerged as a complex field with drilling in multiple geologic horizons.



Statewide Well Production



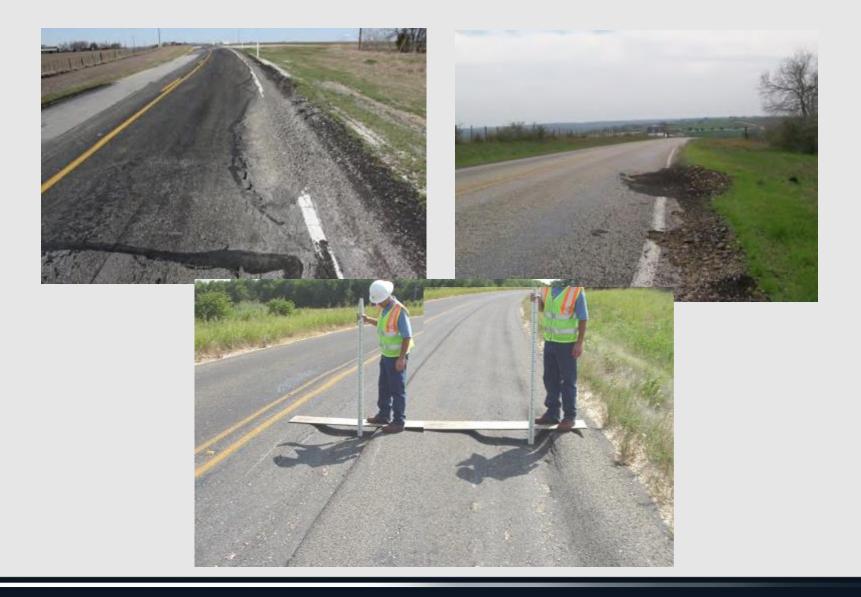
Infrastructure Damage







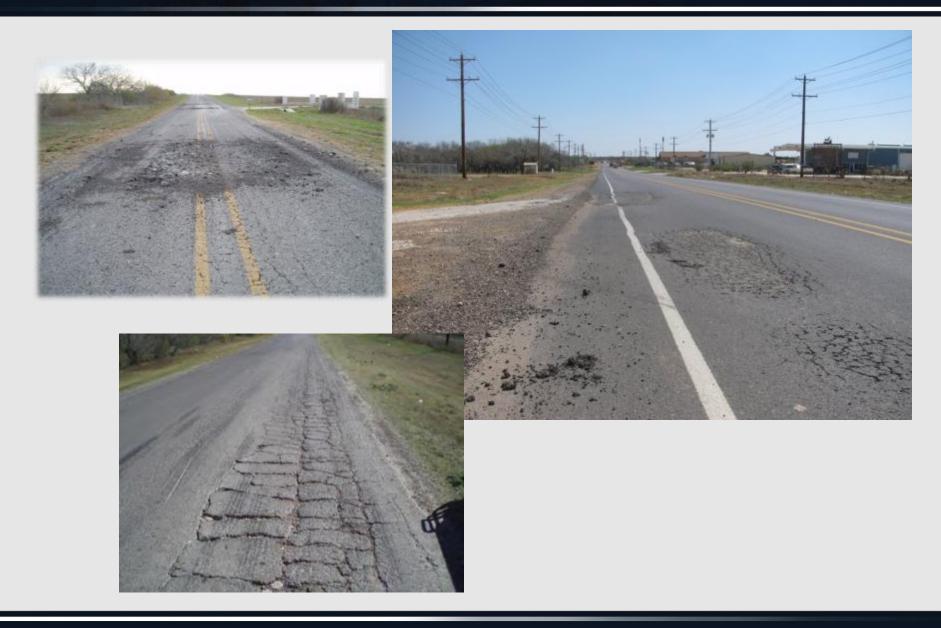
Rutting and Edge Failures



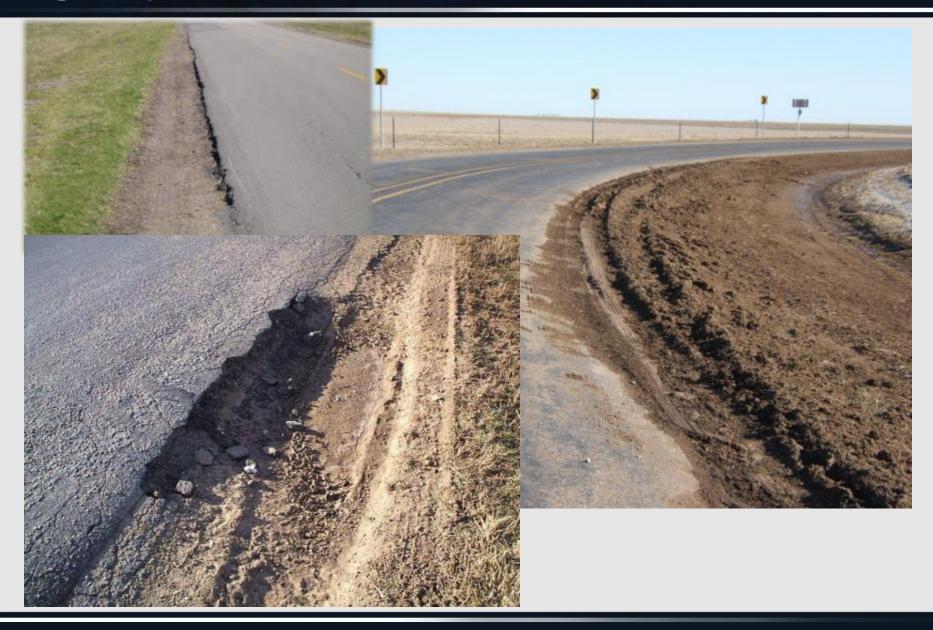
Surface Damage and Deformation



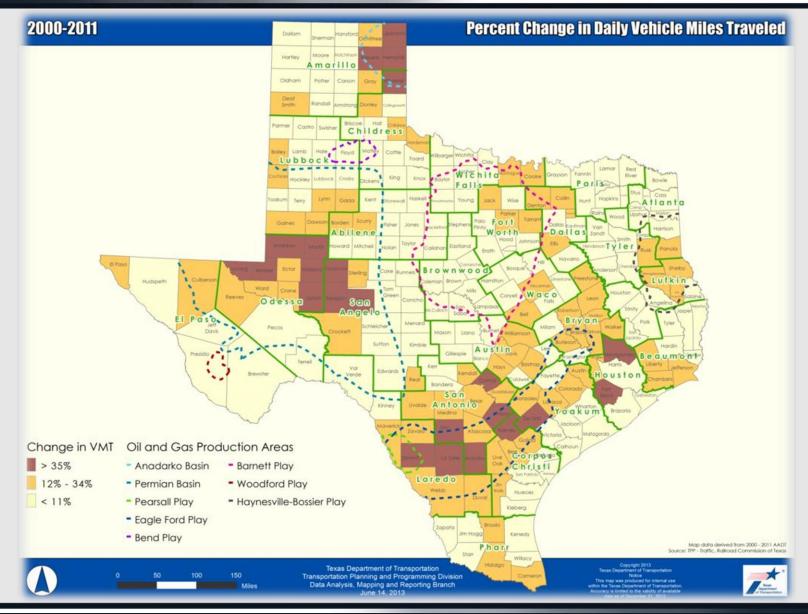
Fatigue Cracking and Failures



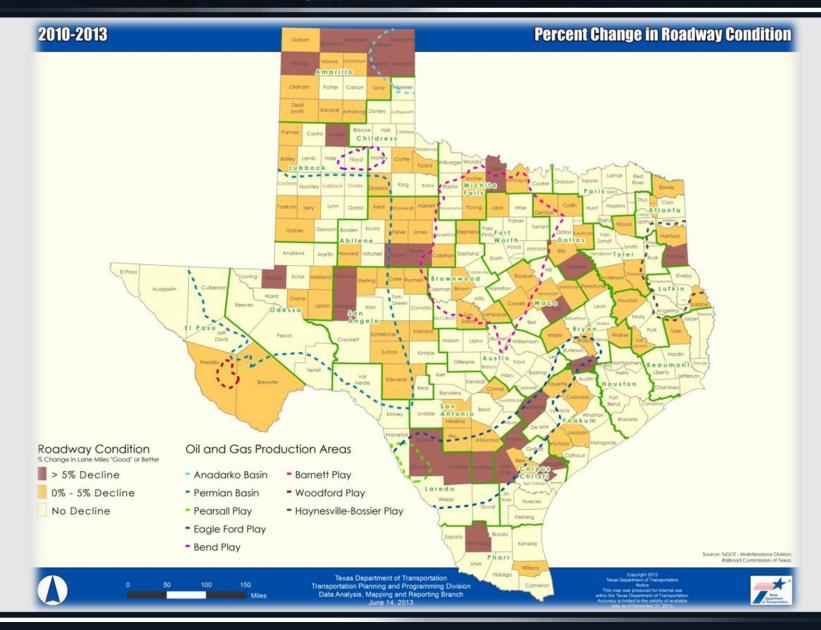
Edge Drop Offs and Erosion



Traffic Growth Related to Growing Energy Activity



Pavements Condition Impacts



- Statewide pavement condition is being maintained while experiencing extremes from energy sector impacts
- TxTAMP on target to be compliant with MAP21 implementation requirements
- Energy sector activity increasingly impacting roadway assets
- Challenge to measure energy sector impacts with rapidly changing activity
- Developing a knowledge base of pavement treatments and structural sections for energy sector vehicles
- Using protective strategies to mitigate roadway deterioration